ANNEXURE.

Report on the progress of work done in the villages selected for concentrated propaganda for Rural Welfare Work in the State during the half-year ending 31st December 1938.

The scheme for organising concentrated propaganda for rural welfare worked in 234 villages in the State as against 191 in the previous half-year. A list showing the selected villages is annexed. Fresh programmes were drawn up in respect of the villages newly selected for the purpose according to their local requirements.

2. The District reports narrate in detail the progress of work done in the selected villages. The following is however a brief abstract of the important improvements undertaken by the officers of the several Development Departments during the half-year under report.

I. Revenue Department.

(*i*) *Raising the standard of Village Panchayet Administration.*—Most of the selected villages have reached a much higher standard of activity in that they are collecting their taxes fairly regularly, holding monthly meetings, preparing annual budgets and undertaking works of local utility. Out of a total demand of Rs. 2,25,139 (inclusive of arrears) in respect of the selected villages, a sum of Rs. 46,009 (inclusive of remissions amounting to Rs. 3,757) was collected during the half-year under report. Although the collection work cannot be said to be satisfactory, it is decidedly an improvement as compared with the other Panchayets. One thousand two hundred and eight meetings were held by the several Panchayets during the half-year, of which 190 were special meetings. Matters relating to their local requirements such as sanitation, water supply, etc., were discussed during these meetings. One hundred and sixty-six Village Panchayets have prepared budget estimates and the accounts of 127 Village Panchayets were audited by the Revenue Officers and the Audit Staff. Thirteen Village Panchayets are levying optional taxes and proposals in respect of some more is stated to be under correspondence. Of these 13 Village Panchayets, eight in the Bangalore District are levying this additional tax to meet the annual maintenance charges of electric lights. The proposal of the Hangala Village Panchayet in Gundlupet Taluk to levy an optional tax at annas four per mensem from each house owner in order to meet the maintenance charges of the water works in the villages, has been sanctioned in Government Order No. L. 4063-65—V. P. 31-38-2, dated 17th November 1938.

(*ii*) *Water Supply.*—All the selected villages command facilities for good drinking water. Thirty-two selected villages have protected water-supply. In 105 villages separate wells have been sunk for Adikarnatakas. The construction of a separate well for the use of the Mohammedans is under progress in Jayachamarajpura village, Arsikere Taluk. The Adikarnataka well at Dudda, Hassan Taluk, was constructed at a cost of Rs. 1,000. The Bore-wells in Antharasanthe, Heggadadevankote Taluk and Chinkurli, French-Rocks Taluk, were provided with pumps. The question of giving water supply to Yeslur and Arehalli of Manjarabad and Belur Taluks respectively, is under consideration, and the projects have been called for from the Sanitary Engineer.

Besides the above, improvements to the existing sources of water supply were undertaken in many of the selected villages.

(*iii*) *Improvement of village sites and streets according to a definite plan and weekly tidying up of villages.*—The usual ordinary village improvement works such as clearing lantana and other rank vegetation, dismantling all old and ugly buildings, repairs to the existing roads, filling up of ruts and pits, white-washing the walls of houses, construction of tiled houses in place of thatched ones, etc., were undertaken. The following is a brief account of the actual works that were undertaken in the selected villages during the half-year:—

(1) Improvement of the villages according to a definite plan was undertaken in 116 villages.
(2) Separate extensions for Adikarnatakas have been formed in 45 villages.

(3) Action was taken for the acquisition of certain ugly and dilapidated structures in Dodmalur village, Chennapatna Taluk, for the formation of new sites, parks and roads according to a lay-out plan. New roads and parks have been laid out in some portions of the village and the ancient monument of Sri Aprameyaswami temple of the village made prominent.

(4) In Mattikere village, Chennapatna Taluk, the existing roads were improved by the construction of "L" shaped drains on either side of the road.

(5) Cocoanut avenues with tree guards have been planted in Mattikere and Dodmalur villages, Chennapatna Taluk.

(6) The villagers of Hebbal and Chandigal in Krishnarajnagar Taluk have proposed to conduct a plane table survey of their villages.

(7) In Belagola village, Seringapatam Taluk, two sets of model houses according to approved design have been constructed out of Government grant for being leased out to deserving Adikarnatakas at nominal rent. The construction of four more sets of houses is proposed to be taken up.

(8) In Dudda Village Panchayet, Hassan Taluk, a fine approach road was constructed with a cocoanut avenue.

(9) Drains have been completed at Shantigrama, Hassan Taluk, and a park has also been laid out.

(10) Gorur Village Panchayet, Hassan Taluk, has taken action to fill up the fort ditch at a cost of Rs. 1,000 towards which a sum of Rs. 200 has been sanctioned out of the Rural Reconstruction Grant.

(11) The construction of "V" shaped drains is under progress in Gandasi and Jayachamarajpura villages in Arsikere Taluk.

(12) The work of getting block plans prepared and incorporating therein the several improvements to be effected as per programme, has been put into effect in respect of the villages of Tangli, Lakkavalli, Balehonnur and Banakal in Kadur District. Seven Village Panchayets have placed Rs. 10 each at the disposal of the Public Works Department for the preparation of these plans.

(13) The Gurulingiah circle at Mayaganahalli, Chennapatna Taluk, was opened by the Dewan and the opening ceremony of the water works at the place was performed by the Second Member of Council.

Almost all the Village Panchayets are attending to the improvement of their villages by keeping them neat and tidy. About 129 Village Panchayets have maintained sweeping and scavanging establishments while in other villages this work is being attended to by the villagers themselves. The question of acquisition of lands for village extensions wherever necessary and possible is also under consideration.

II. Education Department.

(*i*) *Increasing the number of school-going children.*—Almost all the selected villages have been provided with schools. There are Middle Schools at Melur, Siddlaghatta Taluk, Bilichodu and Donihalli in Jagalur Taluk. Upper Primary Schools have been opened at Nandi and Peerasandra in Chikballapur Taluk, Chikjajur in Holalkere Taluk, Koudajji and Sirigere in Haribar Sub-Taluk. There was a fair increase in the number of school-going children except in a few selected villages of Tumkur and Chitaldrug where unfavourable seasonal conditions prevailed. The strength increased by 589 during the half-year under report in respect of the schools in the selected villages of Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore Districts.

(*ii*) *Opening of Adult Schools.*—Adult schools have been opened in 21 selected villages as noted below :—

Bangalore District	...	... Varthur and Harohalli.
Tumkur District	...	... Gulur, Kodigenahalli, Byalya and Hosakere.
Mysore District	...	... Thandavapura and Induvala.
Hassan District,	...	... Dudda and Kundur.
Shimoga District	...	... Lingadahalli, Goppenahalli, Kariganur, Kaginelli, Belagavi, Salur, Yennekoppa and Keladi.
Kadur District	..	... Hiregouja, Bettadahalli and Bidarahalli.

The Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, makes special mention of the adult school at Byalya in Madhugiri Taluk, which by its work has attracted many of the Adikarnatakas of the place who have now abstained from intoxicating drinks and has thus provided a healthy use for their leasure hours.

(*iii*) *Scouting.*—Scouting has been introduced in 77 selected villages in the several districts as noted in the margin. The several scout training camps organised throughout the State by the Boy Scout Headquarters at Bangalore, were very popular. A few Amildars and Revenue Inspectors and many village officers, Village Panchayet chairmen and members underwent training in Scout movement at these camps.

District.	*Number of villages.*
Bangalore ...	12
Kolar ...	13
Tumkur ...	2
Mysore ...	11
Hassan ...	13
Shimoga ...	8
Kadur ...	5
Chitaldrug ...	13
Total ...	77

III. Department of Health.

(*i*) *Vaccination.*—It is reported that 4,764 persons in the selected villages of the several districts were vaccinated during the half-year. The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, reports that Magic Lantern lectures on Health subjects were delivered by the District Health Officer, in the villages of Nidige, Bhimanakone and Chinikatte and Health talks were given in 16 selected villages.

(*ii*) *Maternity Home.*—Maternity homes have been opened in the following 13 selected villages :—

Kolar Taluk ...	... Vokkaleri and Holur.
Mulbagal Taluk ...	... Byrakur.
Chikballapur Taluk ...	... Peerasandra.
Bagepalli Taluk ...	... Marganakunte.
Gudibanda Sub-Taluk ...	... Beechaganahalli.
Pavagada Taluk ...	... Hoskote.
Tumkur Taluk ...	... Hebbur.
Chiknaikanahalli Taluk	... Huliyar.
Tiptur Taluk ...	... Honnavalli.
Hunsur Taluk ...	... Bilikere.
T.-Narasipur Taluk ...	... Gargeswari.
Hassan Taluk ...	... Dudda.

Midwives have been stationed in Bidadi, Sondekoppa and Baragur in Tumkur District, Vokkaleri and Holur in Kolar District. Fortnightly visits by the Lady Doctors have been arranged for in the villages of Thandavapura and Bilikere in Mysore District. Baby shows were organised at Nidige and Bhimanakone in the Shimoga Disttict when 80 children and mothers were examined and advised on maternity and child-welfare. A subsidised Rural Dispensary was sanctioned at Mangalwada in Pavagada Taluk and the construction of a maternity home at Ravandur, Hunsur Taluk, was completed.

(*iii*) *Distribution of Quinine.*—Arrangements have been made for the distribution of quinine wherever there was need for the same. The District Board, Kolar, distributed 15,500 pills in five villages and that of Tumkur supplied 750 tablets in three villages. Ten pounds of quinine were distributed in the Malnad parts of the Hassan District by the Medical Department and the District Board. The Village Panchayets of Bilikere, Kamalapura and Ravandur in Hunsur Taluk, Thandavapura in Nanjangud Taluk, Uppanahalli and Hadli in Malavalli Taluk, distributed 950 pills to their villages. Besides this, the Rural Health Unit at Mandya distributed 1,730 pills in the four selected villages of Mandya and Maddur Taluks.

IV. Department of Agriculture including Veterinary.

(*i*) *Better Farming methods including supply of good seeds and implements.*—

Propaganda and demonstrations regarding better farming methods were undertaken by the officers of the Agricultural Department in 68 selected villages. Twenty-four ploughing demonstrations were conducted in the selected villages of Honnali and Chennagiri Taluks and 20 in the three selected villages of Jagalur Taluk. Improved seeds such as H. 22 Ragi, S 246 Paddy, H. G. 1. Groundnut and H. M. 320 Sugarcane, etc., were supplied to 86 villages. A sum of Rs. 486 was spent in the Kolar District for supplying improved seeds to the selected villages. Besides this, improved agricultural implements such as Eureka plough, K. M. Cultivator, etc., are in use in 46 villages. A sum of Rs. 1,315 in the Kolar District and Rs. 85 in the Hassan District was spent for purchase of improved implements. The experimental farm at Thandavapura, Nanjangud Taluk, is reported to have been maintained well.

(*ii*) *Poultry farming.*—Poultry farming has been introduced in the following 47 villages :—

Bangalore District	...	Yediyur, Dodbelavangala, Dodmalur, Mattikere and Bidadi.
Kolar District ...	...	Chakavelu and Marganknnte.
Tumkur District	...	Gulur, Kyathasandra, Thovinakere, Mangalawada, Thandaga, Huliyar and Buragur.
Mysore District ...	...	Bogadi, Chatanahalli, Bilikere, Ravandur, Thandavapura, Gargeswari, Kodagahalli, Sriraghavapur, Budanoor, Induval and Poorigali.
Hassan District ...	...	Hirisave, Nuggihalli, Jayachamarajpur, Gandasi, Mudlahippe and Kattebelagali.
Shimoga District	...	Gajanur, Hosahalli, Santhekadur, Holalur, Nidige, Salur, Belagavi, Hosabale, Yennekoppa, Ayanur, Kariganur and Soratur.
Kadur District ...	...	Mathighatta.
Chitaldrug District	...	Adivala, Belaghatta and Doddabathi.

The supply of white Leg-horn fowls and other varieties was made to many other selected villages.

(*iii*) *Bee-keeping.*—Bee-keeping has been introduced in 14 villages. A bee-hive at a cost of Rs. 16 was supplied to Antharsanthe village, Heggadadevankote Taluk.

(*iv*) *Dairying.*—Dairying has been introduced in Yediyur village, Bangalore Taluk. This is proposed to be introduced into Doddabathi, Davangere Taluk.

(*v*) *Planting of fruit trees.*—About 48 selected Village Panchayets are rearing fruit and flower plants of different kinds in their villages. Fourteen Village Panchayets have laid out village gardens. The Central Nursery of Economic Plants at Bogadi was shifted to a more suitable place and a sum of Rs. 171 was spent during the half-year for its upkeep. A fruit orchard was laid out in Bilikere, Hunsur Taluk, on the last Vijayadasami day and the orchard is in good condition.

(*vi*) *Improvement of Live-stock.*—Forty-five Village Panchayets have maintained breeding bulls while many others have maintained Hallikar bulls also. The three Merino rams maintained in Bogadi, Mysore Taluk, are stated to be in good condition. The raiyats of Bilikere, Hunsur Taluk, are evincing great interest in sheep-breeding and have purchased Merino rams for improving the local breed. With a view to popularise goat's milk in the Malnad, Goat rearing has been introduced in five selected villages of Shimoga District, as an experimental measure.

(*vi*) *Improvement of Gomal Land.*—The scheme for the improvement of grass lands by regulated grazing is being tried in a few selected villages in each district.

V. Department of Industries and Commerce.

(*i*) *Sericulture.*—Sericulture industry has been introduced in Chikjala, Bidalur, Dodmalur, and Bidadi in Bangalore District, Talagavara, Ablodu, Melur and Nandi in Kolar District and Ummathur and Hadli in Mysore District. Seven hundred and fifty D. F. layings were supplied to the seed rearers at Bidadi free of cost, which yielded 294 lbs. of cocoons. Ninety pounds of cocoons were disposed of for seed and the rest retained for rearing. The Seed Campaign Office at Bidadi was visited by a number of Sericulturists all over the State and 709,500 seed cocoons were supplied during the half-year. The Sericultural grainage at Melur, Sidlaghatta Taluk, is stated to be working well. Mulberry cultivation as an agricultural industry is pursued by several raiyats in Melur and other surrounding villages. The Silk grainage at Talagavara, Chintamani Taluk, is being managed by the Sericultural Department.

(*ii*) *Hand-loom Weaving and other Cottage Industries.*—The Department conducted a survey of rural industries in all the selected villages of Hassan District. Hand-loom weaving has been introduced in Doddabelavangala, Dodballapur Taluk, Lakkur, Peeresandra and Doddakurugodu in Kolar District, Kodigenahalli in Madhugiri Taluk, Chinnadagudibundi in Nanjangud Taluk and Bagur in Hosadurga Taluk. A Khadi centre has been started at Kodigenahalli. Hand-loom weaving of sarees and dhoties is being practised in Chinnadagudibundi in Nanjangud Taluk

where it is contemplated to introduce the Fly Shuttle Looms. The weaving shed at Nidige, Shimoga Taluk, was completed. Demonstrations in cotton weaving and the manufacture of druggets at Bagur, Hosadurga Taluk, are stated to be progressing well. With a view to further develop the industry, the Co-operative Society at the place has resolved to purchase wool, cotton and charakas at a cost of Rs. 750. A weaving demonstration was conducted at Henthikote, Hiriyur Taluk, towards which a sum of Rs. 40 was sanctioned out of the Rural Reconstruction Grant.

(*iii*) *Standard Weights and Measures.*—It is reported that standard weights and measures are in use in Kengeri, Varthur and Bidadi Villages in Bangalore District, Nangli, Byrakur, Nandi and Peerasandra in Kolar District and Hebbal, Chandigal, Hampapura, Belagola, Kurabarasettihalli, Palagrahara, Sriraghurampura and Chinya in Mysore District.

VI. Co-operative Department.

Energetic measures were taken by the officers of the Department to revive the existing societies which have become defunct. At present, Co-operative Societies exist in 156 selected villages and considerable business is reported to have been transacted by them during the half-year. The Sericultural Co-operative Society at Melur, Sidlaghatta Taluk, sold D. F. layings worth Rs. 592 and purchased seed cocoons at a cost of Rs. 589. The Gajanur Co-operative Society in Shimoga Taluk have resolved to stock and sell pounded rice to the villagers.

VII. General.

It is just two years since the scheme was inaugurated in the State and during this period 234 villages have been selected for the purpose. The advantages of the scheme have been fairly realised by the rural population and already there has been a clamour for increasing the number of model villages. Larger grants were made available for the improvement of the selected villages, such as provision of drinking-water wells, construction of approach roads, purchase of stud bulls, opening rural maternity homes and dispensaries and for the introduction of several subsidiary rural industries. The local officers of the several departments and the local people also evinced keen interest in the working of the scheme.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT.

Appoints Mr. M. A. Sreenivasan as a Government Director on the Board of Sri Krishnarajendra Mills, Ltd., from 1st July 1939.

READ—

Government Order No. Fl. 426-31—G. F. 11-36-1, dated 20th July 1936, ordering the appointment, with effect from 1st August 1936, of Mr. (now *Rajasevaprasakta*) A. V. Ramanathan, as a Government Director on the Board of Management of the Sri Krishnarajendra Mills, Limited.

2. Notification No. 3765—C. B. 68-38-4, dated 3rd June 1939, notifying the grant of combined leave of absence for six months to *Rajasevaprasakta* Mr. A. V. Ramanathan with effect from 10th June 1939.

3. Government Order No. D. 43-102—I. & C. 353-38-1, dated 6th June 1939, passing orders on the re-distribution, with effect from 1st July 1939, of the charges of the several Industrial Concerns of the State.

4. Notification No. 4052—C. B. 222-38-1, dated 19th June 1939, ordering the following arrangements with effect from 1st July 1939:—

1. Mr. M. Venkatanaranappa to be the Chairman of the Board of Management of the Mysore Iron and Steel Works.
2. Mr. M. A. Sreenivasan, Deputy Commissioner, to be Government Director, Industrial Concerns.

ORDER NO. FL. 8231-9—G. F. 347-38-4, DATED BANGALORE, THE 30TH JUNE 1939.

In pursuance of the Government Order dated 6th June 1939 and the Notification dated 19th June 1939, read in the preamble, Government are pleased to appoint, with effect from 1st July 1939, Mr. M. A. Sreenivasan, as a Government Director on the Board of Management of the Sri Krishnarajendra Mills, Ltd, in place of *Rajasevaprasakta* Mr. A. V. Ramanathan who will cease to be such.

A. N. RAGHAVACHAR,
Secretary to Government,
Financial Department.

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